

Data Protection Policy

Hampton Academies Trust



1. Introduction

This policy applies to all employees, workers and contractors.

- 1.1. The Board of Trustees at Hampton Academies Trust are committed to processing personal data (which may be held on paper, electronically, or otherwise) about our employees and we recognise the need to treat it in an appropriate and lawful manner, in accordance with the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR). The purpose of this policy is to set out the principles by which we will handle your personal data.
- 1.2. Data users are obliged to comply with this policy when processing personal data on our behalf. Any breach of this policy may result in disciplinary action, including dismissal.
- 1.3. Our Data Protection Officer (DPO) is responsible for ensuring compliance with the GDPR and this policy. Any questions about the operation of this policy or concerns that there has been a breach of this policy should be referred in the first instance to the Hampton Academies Trust Data Protection Officer - DPO@hamptonacademiestrust.org.uk

2. Responsibilities

The Board of Trustees must:

- manage and process personal data properly;
- protect the individual's rights to privacy;
- provide an individual with access to all personal information held on them.

The Board of Trustees have a legal responsibility to comply with the law, including the General Data Protection Regulation. The individual with overall responsibility for this policy is the Data Protection Officer.

The Board of Trustees are required to notify the Information Commissioner of the processing of personal data; this is included in a public register. The public register of data controllers is available on the Information Commissioner's website.

The Board of Trustees' Data Protection Officer is responsible for drawing up guidance on good data protection practice and promoting compliance with the guidance through advising employees on the creation, maintenance, storage and retention of their records which contain personal information.

Every employee that holds, or has access to, information about identifiable living individuals must comply with data protection legislation in managing that information. All employees are responsible for acting in accordance with the policies, procedures and guidelines and within the provisions of the General Data Protection Regulation. Individuals may be liable for breaches of the Regulation.

3. Definitions

In this policy, unless otherwise stated or unless the context otherwise requires, each term will have the meaning set out below:

Data protection means practices and operations relating to the fair and lawful treatment of Personal Data and an understanding of the regulatory requirements relating to data privacy.

Personal data is data which relates to a living individual who can be identified:

- from this data; or
- from this data and other information which is in the possession of, or is likely to come into the possession of, the data controller.

Examples of personal data can include, but are not limited to:

- names
- addresses
- telephone numbers
- dates of birth
- National Insurance numbers
- employee numbers
- named email addresses
- account details
- CCTV images
- photographs
- personal opinions
- internet browsing history
- static/dynamic IP addresses

Special Categories of personal data (also known as sensitive personal data) includes:

- racial or ethnic origin;
- political opinions;
- religious or philosophical beliefs;
- trade union membership;
- the processing of genetic data;
- biometric data for uniquely identifying an individual;
- data concerning health or data concerning an individual's sex life;
- sexual orientation;
- medical information.

Additionally, although not sensitive under data protection legislation, financial data and information relating to criminal convictions should also be treated with additional safeguards due to their associated risks.

Data processing in relation to information or data, means obtaining, recording or holding the information/data or carrying out any operation or set of operations on the information/data, including:

- organisation, adaptation or alteration of the information/data;
- retrieval, consultation or use of the information/data;
- disclosure of the information or data by transmission, dissemination or otherwise making available;
- alignment, combination, blocking, erasure or destruction of the information or data; or
- storage of information or data, whether electronically or manually (paper based).

Data subject an individual who is the subject of personal data.

Data controller means a person or organisation who (either alone or jointly or in common with other persons) determines the purposes for which and the way any personal data is, or is to be, processed.

Data processor in relation to personal data, means any person or organisation (other than an employee of the data controller) who processes the data on behalf of the data controller.

Relevant filing system means any paper-based records which are structured in a way which is either:

- By reference to the individual by name or code;
- By reference to criteria relating to individuals.

4. Obtaining Information

The organisation will process data about employees for legal, administrative and management purposes and to enable us to meet our legal obligations as an employer, for example to pay you, monitor your performance and to confer benefits in connection with your employment.

5. The organisation may process sensitive personal data relating to employees including, as appropriate:
 - a) information about an employee's physical or mental health or condition in order to monitor sickness absence and take decisions as to the employee's fitness for work;
 - b) the employee's racial or ethnic origin or religious or similar information in order to monitor compliance with equal opportunities legislation;
 - c) in order to comply with legal requirements and obligations to third parties.

6. Principles relating to processing of personal data

In line with GDPR, anyone processing personal data must comply with the following principles. It is our policy that personal data must be:

- a) processed lawfully, fairly and in a transparent manner ('lawfulness, fairness and transparency');

- b) collected for specified, explicit and legitimate purposes and not further processed in a manner that is incompatible with those purposes;
- c) adequate, relevant and limited to what is necessary in relation to the purposes for which it is processed ('data minimisation');
- d) accurate and, where necessary, kept up to date; every reasonable step must be taken to ensure that personal data that is inaccurate, having regard to the purposes for which it is processed, is erased or rectified without delay ('accuracy');
- e) kept in a form which permits identification of data subjects for no longer than is necessary for the purposes for which the personal data is processed;
- f) processed in a manner that ensures appropriate security of the personal data, including protection against unauthorised or unlawful processing and against accidental loss, destruction or damage, using appropriate technical or organisational measures ('integrity and confidentiality').

The Board of Trustees shall be responsible for, and must be able to demonstrate compliance with, these principles.

7. Purposes of Information and Length of Time Retained

Personal data will be held in accordance with the Hampton Academies Trust's Policy on Data Retention. We will not keep personal data longer than necessary for the purpose or purposes for which they were collected. We will take all reasonable steps to destroy or erase from our systems, all data which is no longer required.

The Board of Trustees will state the purposes for which it holds personal information, and will register with the Data Protection Commissioner all the purposes for which it processes personal data.

8. Nature of Information

We will only collect personal data to the extent that it is required for the specific purpose notified to the data subject.

We will ensure that personal data we hold is accurate and kept up to date. We will check the accuracy of any personal data at the point of collection and at regular intervals afterwards. We will take all reasonable steps to destroy or amend inaccurate or out-of-date data.

9. Disclosure of Information

Personal data will be used only for the purpose for which it was gathered, unless the consent of the data subject concerned has been obtained to a new or varied use.

Routine disclosures will be specified on the Data Protection register and in the organisation's own Data Protection publication scheme and consent will be deemed to have been given to routine disclosures so included.

In other cases the explicit consent of the data subject will be obtained in writing. Confirmation of consent by telephone is acceptable if a written request has been received which implies the consent of the data subject.

Access to personal data will be refused if the data user is uncertain whether the person requesting access, including another employee, is entitled to it. In such a case, the request must be referred to the Data Officer for consideration before the request is rejected.

10. Data Breach

If we discover that there has been a breach of HR-related personal data that poses a risk to the rights and freedoms of individuals, the Data Protection Officer will report it to the Information Commissioner within 72 hours of discovery.

If the breach is likely to result in a high risk to the rights and freedoms of individuals, all affected individuals will be informed of the breach and provided with information including the type of data and likely consequences of the breach, plus mitigating steps taken.

Any breach of the policy will be fully investigated and remedial steps taken to ensure a similar breach cannot happen again.

A record of all data breaches, regardless of their size or effect, will be retained within the Breach Register, as set out in Appendix 1 of this Policy, available from the Data Protection Officer.

11. Individual rights

As a data subject, individuals have a number of rights in relation to their personal data.

11.1. Subject access requests

Individuals have the right to make a subject access request. If an individual makes a subject access request, the organisation will tell them:

- whether or not their data is processed and if so why, the categories of personal data concerned and the source of the data if it is not collected from the individual;
- to whom their data is or may be disclosed, including to recipients located outside the European Economic Area (EEA) and the safeguards that apply to such transfers;
- for how long their personal data is stored (or how that period is decided);
- their rights to rectification or erasure of data, or to restrict or object to processing;
- their right to complain to the Information Commissioner if they think the organisation has failed to comply with their data protection rights; and

- whether or not the organisation carries out automated decision-making and the logic involved in any such decision-making.

The organisation will also provide the individual with a copy of the personal data undergoing processing. This will normally be in electronic form if the individual has made a request electronically, unless they agree otherwise.

If the individual requests additional copies, the organisation reserves the right to charge a fee, which will be based on the administrative cost to the organisation of providing the additional copies.

To make a subject access request, the individual should send the request to DPO@hamptonacademiestrust.org.uk. In some cases, the organisation may need to ask for proof of identification before the request can be processed. The organisation will inform the individual if it needs to verify their identity and the documents it requires.

The organisation will normally respond to a request within a period of one month from the date it is received. In some cases, such as where the organisation processes large amounts of the individual's data, it may respond within three months of the date the request is received. The organisation will write to the individual within one month of receiving the original request to tell them if this is the case.

If a subject access request is manifestly unfounded or excessive, the organisation is not obliged to comply with it. Alternatively, the organisation can agree to respond but will charge a fee, which will be based on the administrative cost of responding to the request. A subject access request is likely to be manifestly unfounded or excessive where it repeats a request to which the organisation has already responded. If an individual submits a request that is unfounded or excessive, the organisation will notify them that this is the case and whether or not it will respond to it.

11.2. Other rights

Individuals have a number of other rights in relation to their personal data. They can require the organisation to:

- rectify inaccurate data;
- stop processing or erase data that is no longer necessary for the purposes of processing;
- stop processing or erase data if the individual's interests override the organisation's legitimate grounds for processing data (where the organisation relies on its legitimate interests as a reason for processing data);
- stop processing or erase data if processing is unlawful; and
- stop processing data for a period if data is inaccurate or if there is a dispute about whether or not the individual's interests override the organisation's legitimate grounds for processing data.

To ask the organisation to take any of these steps, the individual should send the request to DPO@hamptonacademiestrust.org.uk.

12. Access to Personal Files

Employees are entitled to know if the organisation holds information about them. Any request for information must be made formally in writing addressed to DPO@hamptonacadmiestrust.org.uk or DPO c/o Clerk to the Board of Trustees, Hampton Academies Trust, Eagle Way, Hampton Vale, Peterborough PE7 8BF. The Data Subject Access Request (DSAR) procedure sets out further information on this.

13. Data Security and Impact Assessment

The organisation will determine and maintain an appropriate level of security (and back-up) for its premises, equipment, network, programs, data and documentation, and will ensure that access to them is restricted to appropriate individuals. Personal data will only be transferred to a data processor if they agree to comply with those procedures and policies, or if they put in place adequate measures themselves.

14. Monitoring Activities

The organisation will record and monitor usage of all company IT equipment, user activity, voice traffic, email and internet usage as deemed necessary.

Those responsible for undertaking the monitoring will observe the strictest confidentiality when undertaking these activities. The report will be made directly to the DPO, who will determine any action that may need to be taken.

Monitoring of IT equipment, electronic data, telephone calls, emails, internet access, network access and remote organisation's policies, procedures and guidelines.

15. Request for Data by Public Authorities

Requests for personal data may come from public authorities, including but not limited to the following:

- the Police;
- the Department of Work and Pensions;
- the UK Border Agency;
- HM Revenue & Customs;
- Local Authorities;
- DVLA.

Requests received from a public authority will only be processed when submitted in writing, including electronic communication. Such requests for data usually require that the organisation does not inform, or gather consent from, the data subject when responding to the request. When a request is received, this should first be referred to the Data Protection Officer who will ensure that the request is valid.

Data can only be disclosed without the knowledge and consent of the data subject where it is processed for either the:

- prevention or detection of crime;
- apprehension or prosecution of offenders; or

- assessment or collection of tax or duty.

Additionally, it must be shown that informing or gathering consent from the data subject would likely prejudice the crime or taxation purposes.

Where these conditions are not met, the Data Protection Officer may decide to not disclose the data. Where the Data Protection Officer decides the records should not be disclosed or only partially disclosed, they must record in writing their reasons. A public authority may have a Court Order issued for the disclosure of documents. Any objections should be recorded along with the Court Order however the data should be disclosed.

16. Training

All new and existing employees who handle personal data will receive training on data protection procedures, which includes information about the standards the organisation expects its employees to observe in the use of personal data.

17. References

The Board of Trustees will comply with DfE guidance on references as amended from time to time, in particular in relation to safeguarding children and safer recruitment in education.

18. Review of Policy

This policy shall be reviewed as necessary. We reserve the right to change this policy at any time. Where appropriate, we will notify data subjects of those changes by mail, email and/or staff notice board.

Other related documents:

This policy is supported by the following documents:

- Subject Access Request Policy
- *IT Acceptable Use Policy*
- *Privacy Notices*
- *Data Retention Policy*
- *Code of Conduct/Disciplinary Policy*
- *Whistleblowing Policy*

Relevant Contacts:

Data Protection Officer

Please refer any queries, issues or requests received to the Data Protection Officer:

Mr Al Kingsley

DPO@Hamptonacademiestrust.org.uk

01733 246820

ICO contact details

If you require more information about the General Data Protection Regulation, the Data Protection Bill, or are unhappy with the way Hampton Academies Trust has dealt with your data please contact:

The Information Commissioner
Wycliffe House
Water Lane
Wilmslow
Cheshire
SK9 5AF
www.ico.org.uk

